

Vice President:

- Not until his next successor takes office he remains in office until he
- Vice President from his office deletion:
- Vice President can be removed by a resolution of the House, provided that Parliament also accepted the proposal to be . There is no provision for the imposition of President's impeachment .

The vice-president:

- The vice-president is by the single transferable vote system . It varies from election for president . It is attended by the legislatures of both Houses of Parliament, there is no role
- Oath of office administered by Vice President of India, is.

Functions and powers of Vice President:

- The Vice President serves as a Rajya Sabhahusband
- as Chairman of Rajya Sabha proceedings run .
- upon the death of the president, the president's resignation, the President's absence, the Vice President of the removal or for any longer be able to assume the presidency .

Prime minister:

- The Prime Minister, who is chairman of a Ministry serves for support and advice .
- The Prime Minister is the head of the Government on the advice of the Executive active works .
- Prime Minister's term is 5 years .
- He is the leader of a party or coalition . That person could be prime minister, which is the majority in the Lok Sabha of a party or coalition. That person could be prime minister, which is the majority in the Lok Sabha 272 members in the Lok Sabha for the majority he must .

Functions and powers of the Prime Minister:

- acts as a link between the Prime Minister, the president and cabinet.
- the decisions of the Cabinet to the President gives information .
- to elect the Prime Minister, his Cabinet ministers and the president is appointed .
- the Cabinet of Prime Minister presides . If the prime minister resigned all his Cabinet's resignation is considered .
- in the Prime Minister's position is unique in Parliament . Parliament calls on the advice of the president and suspend.

